



**GAUTENGSE DEPARTEMENT VAN ONDERWYS
PROVINSIALE EKSAMEN
JUNIE 2017
GRAAD 10**

WISKUNDE

VRAESTEL 1

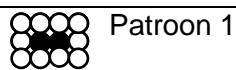
MEMORANDUM

6 bladsye

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VRAAG 1		
1.1	Rasional	✓ (1)
1.2	Irrasional	✓ (1)
1.3	Rasional	✓ (1) [3]
VRAAG 2		
2.1	$\left(\frac{5}{12}\right)^0 = 1$	✓ antwoord (1)
2.2	$\frac{-1}{-x^{-1}} = x$	✓ antwoord (1)
2.3	$\begin{aligned} & \frac{9^{x+1} \cdot 5^{x+2}}{45^{x+1}} \\ &= \frac{(3^2)^{x+1} \cdot 5^{x+2}}{(3^2 \cdot 5)^{x+1}} \\ &= \frac{3^{2x+2} \cdot 5^{x+2}}{3^{2x+2} \cdot 5^{x+1}} \\ &= 3^{2x+2-(2x+2)} \cdot 5^{x+2-(x+1)} \\ &= 5^1 \end{aligned}$	✓ 3^{2x+2} ✓ $3^{2x+2} \cdot 5^{x+1}$ ✓ antwoord (3)
		[5]
VRAAG 3		
3.1	$\begin{aligned} & 2x^2 - 14x - 60 \\ &= 2(x - 10)(x + 3) \end{aligned}$	✓ gemeenskaplike faktor ✓ $(x - 10)$ ✓ $(x + 3)$ (3)
3.2	$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{8}x^3 + b^9 \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{2}x + b^3\right)\left(\frac{1}{4}x^2 - \frac{1}{2}b^3x + b^6\right) \end{aligned}$	✓ eerste faktor ✓ tweede faktor (2)
		[5]

VRAAG 4		
4.1	$2 - 3x = 6 - 4x$ $4x - 3x = 6 - 2$ $x = 4$	✓ transponeer ✓ antwoord (2)
4.2	$\frac{x}{2+x} + \frac{x}{3-x} = \frac{3x-2}{x^2-x-6}$ $\frac{x}{x+2} - \frac{x}{x-3} = \frac{3x-2}{(x-3)(x+2)}$ $x(x-3) - x(x+2) = 3x-2$ $x^2 - 3x - x^2 - 2x = 3x-2$ $-8x = -2$ $x = \frac{1}{4}$	✓ verander teken $-\frac{x}{x-3}$ ✓ KGV $(x+2)(x-3)$ ✓ vereenvoudig $x^2 - 3x - x^2 - 2x$ ✓ $-8x = -2$ ✓ antwoord (5)
4.3	$3^x \cdot 9^{2x+1} = 81$ $3^x \cdot 3^{4x+2} = 3^4$ $3^{5x+2} = 3^4$ $5x+2=4$ $x=\frac{2}{5}$	✓ dieselfde basis ✓ eksponent wet ✓ antwoord (3)
4.4	$-4 \leq 3x - 1 \leq 5$ $-4 + 1 \leq 3x \leq 5 + 1$ $-3 \leq 3x \leq 6$ $\div 3: \quad -1 \leq x \leq 2$	✓ tel 1 beide kante by ✓ $\div 3:$ albei kante ✓ antwoord (3)
		[13]

VRAAG 5

Patroon 1



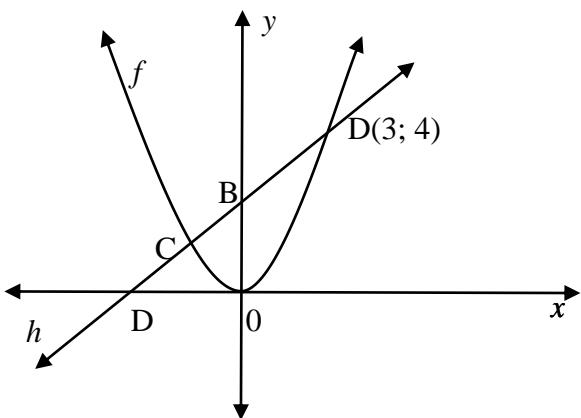
Patroon 2



Patroon 3

5.1	$T_n = 7n + 3$	$\checkmark 7n$ $\checkmark 3$ (2)
5.2	$T_n = 2n$	$\checkmark 2n$ (1)
5.3.1	$T_{12} = 2(12)$ $= 24$	\checkmark antwoord (1)
5.3.2	$T_n = 7n + 3$ $150 = 7n + 3$ $n = 21$	$\checkmark = 150$ $\checkmark n = 21$ (2)
		[6]

VRAAG 6



6.1	$y = ax^2$ $(3; 4)$ $4 = a \cdot 3^2$ $4 = 9a$ $a = \frac{4}{9}$ $y = \frac{4}{9}x^2$	✓ vervang $(3; 4)$ ✓ $a = \frac{4}{9}$ (2)
6.2	$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 2$ en $y = \frac{4}{9}x^2$ $\frac{4}{9}x^2 = \frac{2}{3}x + 2$ $\times 9:$ $4x^2 = 6x + 18$ $\div 2:$ $2x^2 - 3x - 9 = 0$ $(2x + 3)(x - 3) = 0$ $x < 0: \therefore x_C = -\frac{3}{2}$ $y_C = \frac{2}{3}\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) + 2$ $= -1 + 2$ $= 1$ $C\left(-\frac{3}{2}; 1\right)$	✓ stel vergelykings gelyk ✓ vereenvoudig ✓ korrekte x koördinaat ✓ vervang ✓ y koördinaat (5)

6.3	x -afsnit: $y = 0$ $0 = \frac{2}{3}x + 2$ $\times 3: 0 = 2x + 6$ $2x = -6$ $\div 2: x = -3$ WO = 3 eenhede	✓ vervang $y = 0$ ✓ antwoord (+) (2)
6.4	$T(4;3)$	✓ antwoord (1)
		[10]
VRAAG 7		
		$y = 3 \cdot 2^x + 1$ ✓ asimptote ✓ vorm ✓ y -afsnit $y = \frac{6}{x} + 1$ ✓ vorm ✓ x -afsnit ✓ enige ander koördinaat
	Snyding (1; 7)	✓✓ antwoord (8)
		[8]
	TOTAAL: 50	